

# **Pharmacy Medical Necessity Guidelines: Sodium-Glucose Cotransporter 2 (SGLT2) Inhibitors**

Effective: November 1, 2023

Prior Authorization Required	$\checkmark$	Type of Review – Care			
Not Covered		Type of Review – Clinica	$\checkmark$		
Pharmacy (RX) or Medical (MED) Benefit	RX	Department to Review			RXUM
These pharmacy medical necessity guidelines apply to the following: Tufts Health RITogether – A Rhode Island Medicaid Plan				Fax Numbers: RXUM: 617.673.098	

**Note:** This guideline does not apply to Medicare Members (includes dual eligible Members).

# OVERVIEW

# FDA-APPROVED INDICATIONS

The sodium-glucose cotransporter 2 inhibitors (SGLT2s) are indicated as an adjunct to diet and exercise to improve glycemic control in adults with type 2 diabetes mellitus.

Dapagliflozin is also approved to:

- Reduce the risk of hospitalization for heart failure in adults with type 2 diabetes and established cardiovascular disease (CVD) or multiple cardiovascular (CV) risk factors.
- Reduce the risk of cardiovascular death, hospitalization for heart failure, and urgent heart failure visit in adults with heart failure
- Reduce the risk of sustained estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) decline, end stage kidney disease, CV death and hospitalization for heart failure in adults with chronic kidney disease at risk of progression.

Canagliflozin is also approved to:

- Reduce the risk of major adverse CV events (CV death, nonfatal myocardial infarction and nonfatal stroke) in adults with type 2 diabetes and established CVD.
- Reduce the risk of end-stage kidney disease, doubling of serum creatinine, CV death, and hospitalization for heart failure in adults with type 2 diabetes and diabetic nephropathy and albuminuria > 300 mg/day.

Empagliflozin is also approved to:

- Reduce the risk of CV death in adult patients with type 2 diabetes mellitus and established CVD
- Reduce the risk of CV death and hospitalization for heart failure in adults with heart failure.

When used for the treatment of type 2 diabetes, empagliflozin is approved for use in patients 10 years of age and older.

The table below summarizes the FDA-approved indications for the different SGLT-2 inhibitors.

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Medication	Adjunct	Reduce	Reduce risk of	Reduce	Reduce risk of	Reduce risk of	Reduce risk of
Name	to diet	risk of	ESKD,	risk <b>of CV</b>	hospitalization	CV death,	sustained
	and	major	doubling of	death in	for HF in	hospitalization	eGFR decline,
	exercise	adverse	SCr, CV death,	adult	patients with	for HF, and	ESKD CV
	in T2DM	CV	and	patients	T2DM &	urgent HF	death and
		events*in	hospitalization	with T2DM	established	visit in adults	hospitalization
		adults with	for HF in adults	&	CVD OR	with HF	for HF in
		T2DM &	with T2DM &	established	multiple CV		adults with
		established	diabetic	CVD	risk factors		CKD at risk of
		CVD	nephropathy				progression
Bexagliflozin	Х						
Canagliflozin	Х	Х	Х				
Dapagliflozin	Х				Х	Х	Х
Empagliflozin	Х			Х		X (NOT	
						urgent HF)	
Ertugliflozin	Х						

\*Major adverse CV events defined as CV death, nonfatal MI, nonfatal stroke

CKD = chronic kidney disease; CVD = cardiovascular disease; EF = ejection fraction; eGFR = estimated glomerular filtration rate; ESKD = end stage kidney disease; HF = heart failure; NYHA = New York Heart Association; SCr = serum creatinine; T2DM = type 2 diabetes mellitus

The American Diabetes Association guidelines for the treatment of type 2 diabetes recommend a glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1) receptor antagonist or an SGLT-2 with proven CVD benefit in patients with established atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD). Additionally, an SGLT2 inhibitor with proven benefit in heart failure with reduced ejection fraction (HFrEF) is recommended in patients with heart failure. An SGLT2 inhibitor with evidence of reducing progression of chronic kidney disease is recommended in patients with diabetic kidney disease or albuminuria.

PDL **Generic Name Brand Name** Status **Quantity Limitation** Bexagliflozin PA 1 tablet/day Brenzavvy 100 mg: 2 tablets/day Canagliflozin Invokana tablets PA 300 mg: 1 tablet/day Canagliflozin-Metformin Invokamet tablets PA 2 tablets/day Canagliflozin-Metformin Extended Release PA Invokamet XR tablets 2 tablets/day Dapagliflozin Farxiga tablets PA 1 tablet/day 10/1,000, 10/500 mg: 1 tablets/day; 2.5/1,000 mg, 5/1,000, 5/500 mg: PA Dapagliflozin-Metformin Xigduo XR tablets 2 tablets/day Empagliflozin Jardiance PA 1 tablet/day Empagliflozin-Metformin Synjardy PA 2 tablet/day 10/1,000 mg: 1 tablet/day 25 mg/1,000 mg: 1 tablet/day 5 mg/1,000 mg: 2 tablets/day Empagliflozin-Metformin Extended-Release Synjardy XR PA 12.5 mg/1,000 mg; 2 tablets/day Ertualiflozin\* Steglatro PA N/A Ertugliflozin-Metformin\* Segluromet PA N/A

Tufts Health RITogether Preferred Drug List status for the SGLT-2 inhibitors is as follows:

\*Steglatro (ertugliflozin) and Segluromet (ertugliflozin/metformin) are the preferred SGLT2s for RITogether members.

SGLT2 Inhibitors not included in the PDL or within the SGLT2 medical necessity guideline are considered non-covered.

#### **COVERAGE GUIDELINES**

The plan may authorize coverage of a sodium-glucose cotransporter 2 inhibitor for Members when the criteria are met and limitations do not apply:

#### Type 2 diabetes

1. The Member has a diagnosis of type 2 diabetes

#### AND

2. The Member has had an inadequate response, intolerance, or contraindication to metformin at the maximally tolerated dose

# AND

- 3. The Member meets ONE of the following:
  - a. **Invokana, Invokamet, Invokamet XR, Farxiga, Xigduo XR, Jardiance, Synardy, Synjardy XR:** The Member has had an inadequate response, intolerance, or contraindication to either a bexagliflozin- or ertugliflozin-containing product AND at least one generic antihyperglycemic agent (e.g., sulfonylurea, pioglitazone, alogliptin)
  - b. **Brenzavvy, Steglatro, Segluromet:** The Member has had an inadequate response, intolerance, or contraindication to at least one additional generic antihyperglycemic agent (e.g., sulfonylurea, pioglitazone, alogliptin)

c. The Member has established cardiovascular disease (CVD) (e.g., ASCVD<sup>+</sup>, heart failure), diabetic nephropathy, or two or more cardiovascular risk factors and the request is for a medication with that indication

#### <sup>+</sup>ASCVD defined as:

- Coronary heart disease (CHD) (myocardial infarction, angina, coronary artery disease)
- Cerebrovascular disease (e.g., transient ischemic attack, ischemic stroke)
- Peripheral artery disease
- Aortic atherosclerotic disease

\*Cardiovascular risk factors include (but not limited to):

- Dyslipidemia
- Hypertension
- Current tobacco use
- Obesity/overweight
- Family history of premature ASCVD
- Chronic kidney disease
- Metabolic syndrome
- Presence of albuminuria

# **Chronic Kidney Disease**

1. The Member has a diagnosis of chronic kidney disease (CKD) at risk of progression

#### AND

2. The request is for a dapagliflozin-containing product

#### AND

3. The Member is stable on an angiotensin converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitor (e.g., lisinopril, benazepril) or an angiotensin II receptor blocker (ARB) (e.g., candesartan, irbesartan, losartan, valsartan), or a clinical rationale why the Member cannot take an ACE inhibitor or ARB is provided

#### <u>Heart Failure</u>

1. The Member has a diagnosis of heart failure

#### AND

2. The request is for a dapagliflozin- or empagliflozin-containing product

#### AND

3. **Heart failure with reduced ejection fraction (HFrEF) only:** The member will be taking the requested medication with standard therapy for HFrEF (e.g., ACE inhibitor, ARB, beta blocker) OR documentation that treatment with standard HFrEF therapy is not appropriate for the member.

#### LIMITATIONS

- 1. The coverage of Brenzavvy is limited to one tablet per day.
- 2. The coverage of Invokana is limited to two tablets per day of the 100 mg strength, and one tablet per day of the 300 mg strength.
- 3. The coverage of Invokamet and Invokamet XR is limited to two tablets per day.
- 4. The coverage of Farxiga is limited to one tablet per day.
- 5. The coverage of Jardiance is limited to one tablet per day.
- 6. The coverage of Synjardy is limited to 2 tablets per day.
- 7. The coverage of Synjardy XR 10 mg/1,000 mg tablets and 25 mg/1,000 mg tablets is limited to 1 tablet per day.
- 8. The coverage of Synjardy XR 5 mg/1,000 mg tablets and 12.5 mg/1,000 mg tablets is limited to 2 tablets per day.
- 9. The coverage of Xigduo XR 2.5/1,000 mg tablets, 10/1,000 tablets, and 10/500 mg tablets is limited to 2 tablets per day.

10. The coverage of Xigduo XR 5/1,000 tablets and 5/500 mg tablets is limited to 1 tablet per day **CODES** 

#### None

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#### **APPROVAL HISTORY**

October 11, 2022: Reviewed by Pharmacy & Therapeutics Committee.

Subsequent endorsement date(s) and changes made:

- 1. July 11, 2023: Effective August 1, 2023, updated approval criteria for heart failure to remove HFrEF requirement for dapagliflozin to account for expanded indication.
- 2. October 10, 2023: Effective November 1, 2023, added Brenzavvy to the MNG and updated criteria for Invokana, Invokamet, Invokamet XR, Farxiga, Xigduo XR, Jardiance, Synardy, Synjardy XR for the treatment of type 2 diabetes to include Brenzavvy as a previous treatment option.

#### BACKGROUND, PRODUCT AND DISCLAIMER INFORMATION

Pharmacy Medical Necessity Guidelines have been developed for determining coverage for plan benefits and are published to provide a better understanding of the basis upon which coverage decisions are made. The plan makes coverage decisions on a case-by-case basis considering the individual member's health care needs. Pharmacy Medical Necessity Guidelines are developed for selected therapeutic classes or drugs found to be safe, but proven to be effective in a limited, defined population of patients or clinical circumstances. They include concise clinical coverage criteria based on current literature review, consultation with practicing physicians in the service area who are medical experts in the particular field, FDA and other government agency policies, and standards adopted by national accreditation organizations. The plan revises and updates Pharmacy Medical Necessity Guidelines annually, or more frequently if new evidence becomes available that suggests needed revisions.

For self-insured plans, coverage may vary depending on the terms of the benefit document. If a discrepancy exists between a Pharmacy Medical Necessity Guideline and a self-insured Member's benefit document, the provisions of the benefit document will govern.

Treating providers are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of members. The use of this policy is not a guarantee of payment or a final prediction of how specific claim(s) will be adjudicated. Claims payment is subject to member eligibility and benefits on the date of service, coordination of benefits, referral/authorization and utilization management guidelines when applicable, and adherence to plan policies and procedures and claims editing logic.

**Provider Services**